## Release 7 - The Software: New Additions

## Added to the COMBINE Set

SPECTWIN - Combine the formant and/or total spectral envelopes of two spectra (Modes: 4)
1 - Formant envelope of inanalfilel with the formant envelope of inanalfile 2
2 - Formant envelope of inanalfilel with the total envelope of inanalfile2
3 - Total envelope of inanalfilel with the formant envelope of inanalfile 2
4 - Total envelope of inanalfilel with the total envelope of inanalfile 2

## Added to the ENVEL(OPE) Set

(Also note TOPANTAIL2 - Gated sound extraction with trim and backtracking - documented in Release 7)
TREMOLO - Apply width-controlled tremolo to a soundfile (Modes: 2)
1 - Interpolate linearly between frequencies in any frequency breaktable. This is the Default.
2 - Interpolate logarithmically (like pitch). Take care with any zero frequencies.

## Added to the EXTEND Set

CERACU - Repeat source sound in several cycles that synchronise after specified counts (Modes: 0)
ECHOES - Repeat a sound with timing and level adjustments between repeats (Modes: 0)
ITERLINE - Iterate an input sound, following a transposition line (Modes: 2)
1 - Interpolate between transpositions (glissandi)
2 - Step between transpositions (discrete pitch changes)
ITERLINEF - Iterate an input sound set, following a transposition line (Modes: 2)
1 - Interpolate between transpositions (glissandi)
2 - Step between transpositions (discrete pitch changes)
MADRID - Spatially syncopate repetitions of source soundfile(s) in spatially-separated repetition streams (Modes: 2)

1 - Random output file order
2 - Use segfile to determine the order of output files
SHIFTER - Generate simultaneous repetition cycles, shifting focus from one to another (Modes: 2)
1 - Use the same input sound for all cycles
2 - The number of input files must equal the number of cycles. The program assigns the input files, in order, to the cycles, in order.
SHRINK - Repeat a sound, shortening it on each repetition (Modes: 6)
1 - Shrink from the end
2 - Shrink around the midpoint
3 - Shrink from the start
4 - Shrink around a specified time
5 - Shrink around found peaks and output each segment as a separate soundfile, also creating a mixfile with which to assemble them
6 - Shrink around specified peaks and output each segment as a separate soundfile, also creating a mixfile with which to assemble them

## Added to the FILTER Set

FILTRAGE - Generate randomised VARIBANK filterbank files (Modes: 2)
1 - Generate a fixed filter
2 - Generate a time-varying filter

## Added to the FOCUS Set

SUPERACCU - Sustain each spectral band until louder data appears in that band (Modes: 4)
1 - Operates like FOCUS ACCU
2 - Forces the (start of) resonances to the tempered scale
3 - The frequencies are specified in a 'tuning' file (a 'harmonic set')
4 - The frequencies and their octaves are specified in a 'tuning' file (a harmonic field)

## Added to the GRAIN Set

NEWTEX - Generate a texture of grains made from a source sound or sounds (Modes: 3)
1 - The transpositions of insndfile are spread over $N$ octaves and spatially, and fade in and out randomly
2 - insndfile is read at its original rate (i.e., no transpositions), spread spatially, and fades in and out randomly
3 - insndfile is read as 'drunken walks', spread spatially, and fades in and out randomly

## Added to the HOUSEKEEP Set

CHANPHASE - Invert phase of one channel of an input sound (Modes: 0)

Added to the MODIFY Set<br>NEWDELAY - Delay with pitch-defined output sound (Modes: 0)

## Added to the Morph Set

NEWMORPH NEWMORPH - Morph between dissimilar spectra (Modes: 7)
1 - Interpolate linearly (exponent $=1$ ) between the average peak channels or over a curve of increasing (exponent $>1$ ) or decreasing (exp <1) slope, simultaneously moving spectral peaks, and interpolating all remaining channels.
2 - Interpolate cosinusoidally (exponent $=1$ ) between the average peak channels or over a warped cosinusoidal spline (exponent not equal to 1 ), simultaneously moving spectral peaks, and interpolating all remaining channels.
3 - As mode 1, using channel-by-channel calculation of peaks.
4 - As mode 2, using channel-by-channel calculation of peaks.
$5-6$ - Sound 1 is (gradually) tuned to the (averaged) harmonic field sound 2.
7 - Sound 1 is morphed towards sound 2 in outcnt steps, each step a new output file.
NEWMORPH NEWMORPH2 - Textfile of prominent peaks OR morph betw dissimilar spectra (Modes: 3)
1 - Output a textfile of the most prominent peaks in order of prominence
2 - The sound is (gradually) tuned to the harmonic field specified in the textfile output of Mode 1. The textfile lists goal-peak frequencies, most prominent first.
3 - Ditto, but the interpolation is timewise-cosinusoidal.

## Added to the MULTI-CHANNEL Set

FRACTURE - Disperese a mono signal into fragments spread over $N$ channel space (Modes: 2)
1 - The output is $N$ channel dispersal in $N$ channel space
2 - The output is stereo dispersal (possibly moving) in surround space
PANORAMA - Distribute $N$ source files in a panorama across a specified angle of a sound-surround loudspeaker array (Modes: 2)

1 - Loudspeakers are assumed to be equally spaced
2 - Loudspeaker positions are defined in a textfile
TANGENT GROUP (All have 2 identical modes:)
1 - When the focus is at 1 , the tangent path starts along a line at right angles to loudspeaker 2

2 - When the focus is at 1 , the tangent path starts along a line formed by loudspeakers 2 and 3
ONEFILE - Play repeats of a mono soundfile along a tangent path
TWOFILES - Play repeats of two synchronised mono soundfiles along a tangent path
TANGSEQUENCE - Play a sequence of mono soundfiles along a tangent path
TANGLIST - Play a sequence of mono soundfiles as listed in a textfile along a tangent path
TEXMCHAN - Create textures over a multi-channel frame (Modes: 5)
1 - On a given harmonic field
2 - On changing harmonic fields
3 - On a given harmonic set
4 - On changing harmonic sets
5 - None (Neutral)
TRANSIT GROUP (All have 5 identical modes:)
1 - Glancing
2 - Edgewise
3 - Crossing
4 - Close
5 - Central
SIMPLE - Place repetitions of a mono soundfile on a path into and across an 8-channel array
FILTERED - Place filtered repetitions of a mono soundfile on a path into and across an 8-channel array
DOPPLER - Place pitch-shifted repetitions of a mono soundfile on a path into and across an 8 -channel array, suggesting a doppler shift
DOPLFILT - Doppler effect on a path into and across an 8 -channel array with filtering, to suggest greater distance
SEQUENCE - Position a sequence of mono sounds (at least 3) on a path into and across an 8-channel array
TRANLIST - Position a sequence of mono sounds (at least 3), as listed in a textfile, on a path into and across an 8-channel array

## Added to the PITCH Set

TUNEVARY - Replace spectral frequencies with the harmonics of specified pitch(es) (Modes: 0)

## Added to the SFEDIT Set

CANTOR - Cut holes in a sound in the manner of a cantor set (holes within holes within holes) (Modes: 3)

1 - holesize is a percentage
2 - holesize is a (fixed) duration
3 - Use superimposed vibrato envelopes
ISOLATE - Disjunct portions of soundfile are specified by textfile or dB loudness and saved to separate files (Modes: 5)

1 - Create several output soundfiles each of which contains one segment of source (cutsfile)
2 - Create several output soundfiles each of which contains several segments of source (cutsfile)
3 - Create one output soundfile consisting of several disjunct segments (dBon \& dBoff)
4 - Cut the entire soundfile into disjunct segments (slicefile)
5 - Cut as in Mode $\mathbf{4}$ but also overlap the segments slightly: separates speech syllables (slicefile)
PACKET - Isolate or generate a sound packet (Modes: 2)
1 - Found packet: looks for signal minima to determine the edges of the wave-packet
2 - Forced packet: creates a packet at a specified time

PARTITION - Partition a mono soundfile into disjunct files in blocks defined by groups of wavesets (Modes: 2)

1 - block durations are determined by number of wavesets
2 - block durations are specified by the user
SILEND - Add silence to end of file (Modes: 2)
1 - Specify duration of the silence
2 - Specify total output duration
SUBTRACT - Subtract one file from another (Modes: 0 )

## Added to the SPECNU Set

RAND - Randomise the order of spectral windows (Modes: 0)
SQUEEZE - Squeeze the spectrum into a frequency range, around a specified frequency (Modes: 0)

## Added to the SPECT Set

GLISTEN - Randomly partition the spectrum into bins and play back in order (Modes: 0)
SELFSIM - Replaces spectral windows with the most similar, louder window(s) (Modes: 0)
SPECGRIDS - Partition a spectrum into parts, over a grid (Modes: 0)
SPECSPHINX - Impose the channel amplitudes of inanalfile 2 onto the channel frequencies of inanalfile1 (Modes: 2)

1 - Impose channel amplitudes of inanalfile 2 onto the channel frequencies of inanalfile1
2 - Multiply the spectra

## Added to the STRETCH Set

(STRETCHA has been in the system, but is being documented for the first time in Release 7)
STRETCHA - Utility: Calculates timestretch factor relating to beats and tempo
1 - FIND NUM. BEATS AT A TEMPO |o
2 - FIND timestretch, VARIOUS IN/OUT
3 - FIND timestretch, TEMPO CHANGES

## Added to the SYNTH Set

NEWSYNTH - Generate complex spectra from fundamental and partial balance information in one or more textfiles (Modes: 3)

1 - Generates tones with any number of (possibly varying) partials
2 - Generates wave-packet streams with any number of (possibly varying) partials
3 - Multi-channel mode in which partials spread over $N$ octaves fade in and out randomly

